

Research Infrastructures within



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European Commission Research Infrastructures

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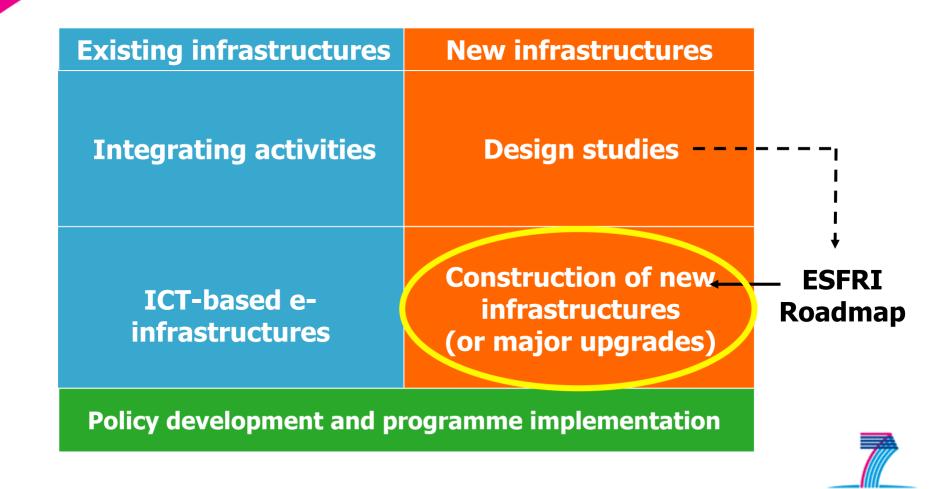
Objectives of the Community Research Infrastructures action

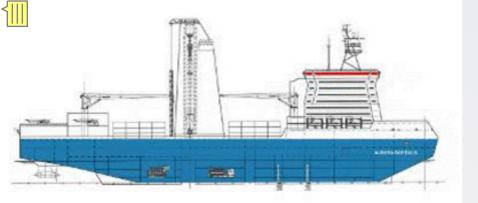
- Optimising the use and development of the best existing research infrastructures in Europe
- Helping to create in all fields of S & T new research infrastructures of pan-European interest needed by the European scientific community
- Supporting programme implementation and policy development (e.g. international cooperation)





FP7 Research Infrastructures activities





Definition of Research Infrastructures

- Facilities, resources, and related services used by the scientific community for
 - → Conducting leading-edge research
 - → Knowledge transmission, knowledge exchanges and knowledge preservation
- Includes
 - Major scientific equipment
 - → Scientific collections, archives and structured information
 - → ICT-based infrastructures
 - → Entities of a unique nature, used for research



Support to new research infrastructures

- Design studies: to support the conceptual design for new facilities or major upgrades, of clear European dimension and interest
 - through bottom-up calls
- Support to the Construction of new infrastructures and major upgrades to existing ones
 - → Preparatory phase
 - → Construction phase



FP7 will support the design of new research infrastructures (or major upgrades)

- Design studies aiming at the conceptual design for new infrastructures with clear European dimension and interest, not at a detailed design
- Case of e-Infrastructures: to foster new organisational models in domains of grids & data
- EC support likely to be smaller than under FP6,
 i.e. less than 5 M€
- bottom-up call...
- Useful to feed the ESFRI roadmap process





FP7 will support the construction of new Infrastructures (or major upgrades)

- The list of projects to be supported will be based on the work conducted by ESFRI
- A two-stage process:
 - → The preparatory phase: to check the commitment of the Member States and reach a (draft) agreement between Member States and stakeholders for the construction
 - → The implementation phase: the actual construction





Support to new research infrastructures

... and major upgrades to existing ones, means:

→ Support to the preparatory phase mainly based on the work conducted by ESFRI

230 M€ 2007-2013

→ (in addition) support to RSFF

200 M€ 2007-2013

→ (limited) available resources to support the construction

100 M€ 2007-2013





Construction of new infrastructures (or major upgrades)

- stage 1 support to the preparatory phase (legal organisation, management structure, financial planning...)
- stage 2 support to the implementation phase (the actual construction)
 - Only for projects which have sufficiently progressed in the preparatory phase
 - Mainly to be supported by Member States
 - **EC** financial support limited to cases where there is a critical need for such support





Stage 1- Preparatory Phase- First call for proposals

- Targeted to projects identified in the 2006 ESFRI roadmap
- Call budget: 130 M€
- EC financial contribution: within the range 1-7 M€; average ~ 4 M€
- Contract duration: 1 to 4 years





Stage 1 - Preparatory Phase - Purpose

- To provide a framework facilitating decision-making between partners from different countries
- To address all the critical issues (legal, financial,...) that need to be resolved
- To conclude an "agreement" between the funding parties and other partners involved allowing project to move forward
- Limited to the ESFRI « mature » projects





Stage 1

- Preparatory Phase What can be done (1)?

- Work expected to focus on
 - √ legal,
 - √ financial,
 - ✓ governance and
 - √ strategic issues
 needed to make the project a reality
- Technical work to the extent necessary to reach an agreement. Cannot be the core of a project.





What can be done (2)?

Strategic work, e.g.

- Plans to integrate the new RI in the EU fabric of related facilities,
- Creation and consolidation of centres of excellence,
- Identification of the best possible site,
- Planning of research services to be provided at international level, etc.





What can be done (3)?

Governance and logistic work, e.g.

- Plans in terms of decision making, management structure, advisory bodies, IPR, access rule,
- Planning of staff recruitment,
- Organisation of researchers support, etc.

Legal work, e.g.

 Any development needed for the construction and/or operation of the new RI

•





What can be done (4)?

Technical work, e.g.

- Draft engineering plans for construction,
- Final prototypes,
- Implementation plans for technology transfer,
- New processing protocols, software, etc.

Financial work, e.g.

- Financial arrangements for construction, operation and decommission of the facility
- Organisation of researchers support, etc.



Who are the participants (1)?

- Consortia should involve all stakeholders to make the project a reality
 - e.g. ministries, governments, research councils, funding agencies from interested countries + as appropriate, research centres, universities, industries, ...
- Minimum 3 participants from 3 Member States or Associated States



Who are the participants (2)? How to manage?

- Open to participants from third countries
- Possibility for new participants to join at later stage
- Coordinator to act as a « team builder »
- The EC will act as a "facilitator"





Preparatory Phase Summary

Activities

- Legal, financial, governance, strategic work
- Limited technical work

Final deliverable(s)

- Agreement between the partners of countries involved allowing the project to move forward
- Implementation plan for the construction phase

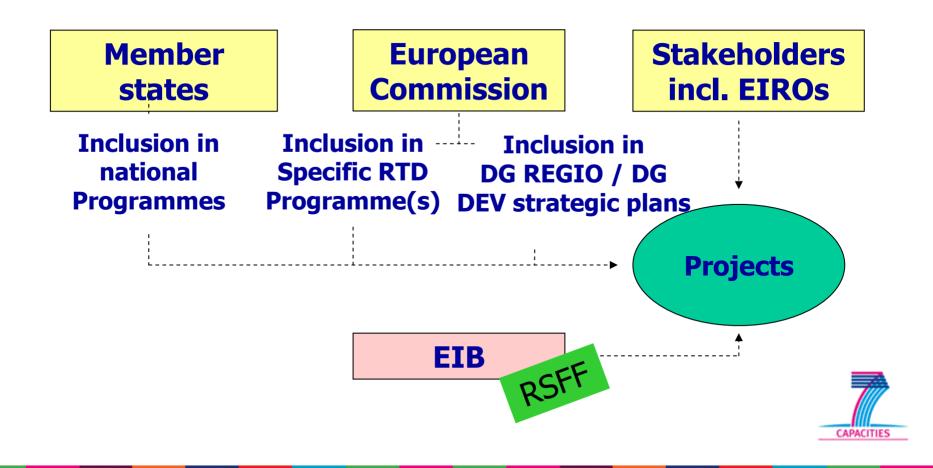
Participants

All the stakeholders necessary to make the projects a reality





Preparatory Phase facilitating financial engineering for new research infrastructures





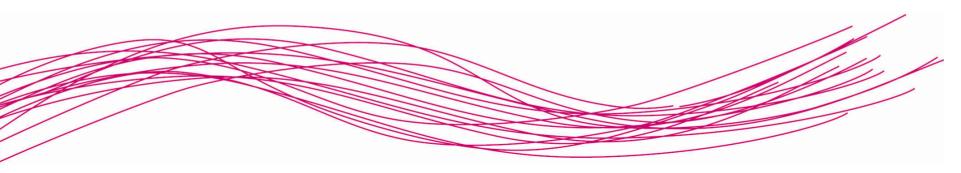
ESFRI PREPARATORY PHASE PROJECTS 7 Key Points

- 1 Proposal per topic
- Coordinator = team builder, not necessary COO of construction
- Participation of Ministries, Funding Agencies encouraged (min. 3 from 3 different MS and/or Ac)
- Roadmap projects not guaranteed to be EC financed
- PP projects not focussed on R&D
- National authorities to explore Structural Funds opportunities
- Possibility to accept additional participants
 « on the road »





How to present a proposal for the preparatory phase (PP)



REMEMBER: PP is Neither a feasibility Nor a design study





Support for Preparatory Phase Important dates

- Date of publication Dec. 22, 2006 in Official Journal
- Detailed information to be found on Cordis
- Deadline for submission May 2, 2007
- Evaluation week: End of June 2007
- Evaluation by scientists and policy experts
- First contracts to come into force before end 2007





Guide for applicants

- Core text for FP7 as a whole
- Annexes with call-specific information
 - ✓ Annex 1: summary call information
 - ✓ Annex 2: evaluation criteria and procedures to be applied for this call
 - ✓ Annex 3: instructions for completing "part a" of the proposal
 - ✓ Annex 4: instructions for drafting "part b" of the proposal



How to present a Proposal?

A « standard » Format based on the three (here under reminded) criteria should be used to allow a fair evaluation

- 1: S&T quality
- 2: Implementation
- 3: Impact





Evaluation criteria

Criterion 1: S&T Excellence

• Facility offering world-level service to users

Contribution to scientific European excellence

 Effectiveness of associated coordination mechanisms & work plan





Evaluation criteria

Criterion 2: Quality and efficiency of Implementation and Management

- Appropriate management structure, procedures
- Quality of the partnership
- Appropriate allocation & justification of resources





Evaluation criteria

Criterion 3: Impact

- Contribution to the realisation of the RI: addressing critical questions still unresolved
- Contribution to: technological development capacity; attractiveness of the ERA; balanced territorial development; reinforcing researchbased clusters of excellence
- Added value, i.e. catalytic—leveraging effect of EC involvement





First call for proposals closing in spring 2007

- For design studies, preparatory phase, and support actions
 - →design studies: 35 M€
 - **→**Support actions: 28 M€ (budget 2007-2008)
- 130 ME • Indicative budget for preparatory phase:
 - **→34 projects** (budget 2007-2008)
- Closure: 2nd May 2007
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Support to existing Research Infrastructures

- Integrating Activities to promote the coherent use and development of research infrastructures in a given field, implemented through:
 - → A bottom-up approach for proposals open to all fields of science
 - → Targeted approach with topics defined in cooperation with the FP7 thematic areas
- ICT based e-infrastructures in support of scientific research



Integrating Activities and e-infrastructures

- To optimise the use and development of existing research infrastructures
- Based on the continuation of the successful FP6 instrument "Integrated Infrastructure Initiative" (I3s)
- Within one single contract:
 - → Networking activities
 - → Transnational access and/or service activities
 - → Joint research activities





Networking Activities

- To foster a culture of co-operation between the participants and the scientific communities benefiting from the research infrastructures
- Forms of activities:
 - → Towards the users: training, studies, feedback, coordination...
 - → Towards good practice: exchange of personnel and visits, standards and quality...
 - → Towards virtual infrastructures: Web-sites, common softwares, databases, data management...
 - → Technical workshops, forums, working groups and studies...



Trans-national Access and/or Service activities

- Provide trans-national access to researchers or research teams to one or more infrastructures among those operated by the participants
 - → "Hands on" access
 - → Remote access: sending of samples, sample analysis...

 Managed by the contractors
- Provide research infrastructures related services to the scientific community
 - → Remote access to distributed infrastructures
 - → Services provided through electronic means; Data and resources management
 - Upgrading communication infrastructure
 - → Support of Grid infrastructure; support of middleware component repositories



Joint Research Activities

 Explore new fundamental technologies or techniques underpinning the efficient and joint use of the participating research infrastructures
 To improve the services provided by the infrastructures (in quality and/or quantity)

- Forms of activities:
 - → Prototype development
 - → Development of methods, protocols, standards...
 - → Development of software, middleware, algorithm; Database creation, upgrade, curation...
 - → Development and curation of samples





Objectives of an Integrating Activity project

Structure better and integrate, on a European scale, the way research infrastructures operate and develop, in a given class:

- → By opening and optimising the access to and the use of the existing research infrastructures in the different Member States and Associated States
- → By better structuring and integrating, on a European scale, the operation(s) of research infrastructures, and by fostering their joint development (qualitative and quantitative)



Participation

- At least 3 independent legal entities established in 3 different Member States or Associated States. At least 1 of these legal entities must operate a research infrastructure providing access
- Operators of research infrastructures, universities and other public research organisations as well as industry, for example equipment manufacturers





Main characteristics of an average Integrating Activity under FP6

- Average number of contractors: 19 of which 7 are offering access
- Typical duration of 4 years
- Average EC contribution: ~10 M€
 - → Management: ~ 6%
 - → Networking Activities: ~ 15%
 - → Trans-national Access: ~ 36%
 - **→ Joint Research Activities:** ~ 43%
- List of funded projects (FP6)
 http://cordis.europa.eu/infrastructures/projects.htm





ESTEEM (Nano Sciences)

Distributed European Infrastructure of Advanced Electron Microscopy for Nanoscience

TA (~2.8 M€):

 To open the major microscopy centres (Antwerp, Cambridge, Delft, Dresden, Orsay, Oxford, Stuttgart, Toulouse) together with their expertise to scientist from Member States or Associated States

NA (~2.2 M€):

- To spread electron microscopy across the community and to regions where the technique is not fully exploited at present and where it will help stimulate economic growth
- To inform solid state scientists and engineers in Europe about new developments in this increasingly complex technique
- To improve the collaboration between different laboratories and set consistent standards for measurements





ESTEEM (Nano Sciences)

Distributed European Infrastructure of Advanced Electron Microscopy for Nanoscience

NA (cont.):

- To establish a shared hardware and software infrastructure and to develop open access standards for data exchange, storage and instrument control
- To offer remote access to the most advance instruments

JRA (~3.7 M€):

- To improve three dimensional imaging of nanoparticles down to the sub-nano-meter, and possibly atomic, scale
- To push the limits of chemical and electron-nanostructured materials
- To develop improved detection in electron microscopy for rapid acquisition of images and spectra
- To develop tools for nano-manipulation experiments inside the electron microscope and apply these tools for the study of dynamic systems





Implementation of the Integrating Activities under FP7

- Bottom up approach for proposals in all fields of science (successful in FP6, to be continued in FP7)
- Targeted approach for clearly defined infrastructure needs for Europe, coordinated with the thematic priorities (new)

→ FP7 Call N°3 (closing May 2008)





What is the targeted approach?

- For existing Research Infrastructures
- A list of topics for classes of infrastructures to be supported, listed in the work programme
- Topics defined in line with the Cooperation Programme
 - → Revisions of topics: list can be amended
 - → A sufficient basis of RI's to be networked
- Complementary to other FP7 funding schemes used in the thematic priorities (Collaborative Projects, NoE's)



Why a targeted approach?

- To help integrating research infrastructures for European R&D needs, defined in a priority setting process
- To create synergies and ensure consistency with the Cooperation Programme
 - → Topics are in line with R&D topics under the Cooperation Programme
- To stimulate RI actions in specific fields that are currently not well covered under our actions



How will it work?

- Bottom up and targeted approaches will be under the same calls
- Same Project type for both approaches:
 - → Integrating activities: I3s with Transnational Access/Service, Networking, Joint Research activities
- Same evaluation procedures (by independent experts), criteria, forms...





Possible topics for RI's under the targeted approach

- → About 30 priority topics for RI's in 8 of the "Cooperation" thematic areas
- Health (6)
- Food, Agriculture and Biotechnology (3)
- Information and Communication Technologies (3)
- Nanosciences, Nanotechnologies and Materials (2)
- Energy (5)
- Environment (3)
- Transport (2)
- Socioeconomic Sciences and Humanities (3)





Synergies that can be expected: one Example

Priority topic for RI:

To bring together existing research infrastructures to support the efficient provision of essential research services, including but not limited to the characterization, exposure and toxicology (human and environmental) of nano-materials

Link with the Cooperation programme:

Theme 4 – NMP - Nanosciences, Nanotechnologies, Materials and new Production Technologies, Activity NMP 2007-CSA 1/SME 1/Large 1/Small 1

Typical existing RI relevant to the topic:

University of Antwerp, BE: electron crystallography, tomography, nanotechnology;

Technische Universiteit Delft, NL: in situ nanolaboratory experiments + remote control; NSCR Demokritos, Athens, GR: silicon technology



Third Call for proposals closing in spring 2008

- For both bottom up and targeted approach
- Indicative budget of 275 M€
 - → 25 to 30 projects to be selected
- Closure: May 2008
- Single stage procedure for evaluation
 - remote + panel evaluation
- Results within 4 months after closure date
- First contracts will come into force before the end of 2008





Support actions

... through a mixed bottom-up / top down approach, for:

- the developments of an RI European policy and the developments of international cooperation
- Supporting programme implementation (NCPs) and the coordination of research infrastructures in emerging areas





Policy development and Programme implementation

- 1. ERA-NETs for research infrastructures
- 2. Studies, conferences and coordination actions for policy development, including international cooperation
- 3. Coordination actions to support emerging needs
- 4. Network of National Contact Points (NCP)
- 5. Other Support actions, as appropriate





ERA-NET for Research Infrastructures (1)

 To step up the cooperation and coordination of national and/or regional programmes/activities towards their mutual opening and implementation of joint activities

 To contribute to the development of the European Research Area by improving coherence across Europe of such programmes/activities





ERA-NET for Research Infrastructures (2)

- Participants: Public authorities and agencies responsible for financing or managing research infrastructure programmes at national or regional level (e.g. ministries, research councils or funding agencies)
- Activities may include:
 - **→**Information exchange
 - Definition and preparation of joint activities
 - → Implementation of joint activities
 - **→** Funding of joint transnational activities
- → ERA-NET may be specific to a type of research infrastructures or more generic





Studies/conferences/ coordination actions for policy development

To support the work of ESFRI and e-IRG

To promote international cooperation





Coordination actions to support emerging needs

- For research infrastructures in areas where a culture of cooperation is less developed
- Support for Networking activities such as:
 - Development of common standards,
 - Protocols and interoperability
 - Benchmarking
 - → Foresight studies for new instrumentation, methods, concepts and/or technologies





Trans-national co-operation among NCPs

- To reinforce the network of National Contact Points (NCPs)
 - improving the services provided to potential applicants
 - facilitating access to FP7 calls
 - helping to raise the quality of submitted proposals





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Key documents to consult:

- Legal texts (FP7, SP, WP)
- Guide for applicants
 - specific instructions to follow
- Rules for participation
 - specifying e.g. cost models
- Model contract text
 - setting the legal frame of EC support





Infrastructures links

- Research Infrastructures in FP7 http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/capacities/research-infrastructures_en.html
- FP7 http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/
- Research Infrastructures on CORDIS (FP6) http://cordis.europa.eu/infrastructures/
- Enquiries FP7: http://ec.europa.eu/research/enquiries





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